

www.wtz-ost.at

Treatment of the neurodegenerative disease Friedreich´s ataxia

FRIEDREICH'S ATAXIA (FRDA):

- Clinical symptoms: progressive ataxia of limbs, sensory loss, pyramidal signs, diabetes mellitus and hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. Wheelchair dependence within 10 years from onset.
- Cause of disease: GAA-trinucleotide expansion in frataxin gene results in frataxin-deficiency causing mitochondral iron accumulation, oxidative stress and cell damage. GAA-triplett repeat number inversely correlates with frataxin-levels and age of onset.
- Treatment of disease: Antioxidants, iron chelators, frataxin-increasing drugs and gene therapy were proposed. Currently no FDA/EMA approved treatment available for Friedreich`s ataxia.
- Frequency:
 Prevalence: 2:100,000 4:100,000
 Carrier frequency : 1:60 1:100



Frataxin (Dhe-Phaganon et.al 2000)

Most common inherited ataxia in Europe, Middle East, South Asia (Indian subcontinent), and North Africa, lower prevalence in Mexico. Not documented in Southeast Asia, sub-Saharan Africa, or among Native Americans.

INVENTION

USE OF ERYTHROPOIETIN FOR THE TREATMENT OF FRIEDREICH'S ATAXIA:

- In addition to its neuro- and cardioprotective properties recombinant human erythropoietin (rhuEPO) significantly increases frataxin expression in primary lymphocytes from FA-patients, and other cell types like neurons and primary human cardiac cells in vitro. (Sturm et.al 2005, Eur. J.Clin. Invest. 35(11):711-7) and Carbamylated erythropoietin increases frataxin independent from the erythropoietin receptor (Sturm et al, Eur J Clin Invest 2010; 40 (6): 561-565)
- rhuEPO was successfully tested as a treatment for Friedreich's ataxia in Phase IIa/IIb and dosefinding studies.

REFERENCE: 015.04

DEVELOPMENT STATUS:

Dosefinding studies, Phase IIa/IIb, significant neurological improvement within 8 months of treatment assessed by two ataxia rating scales.

Biomarkers show an increase in frataxin and reduction of oxidative stress.

RhuEPO could obtain orphan drug designation from FDA/EMA for Friedreich`s ataxia.

COOPERATION OPTIONS:

Development partnership

- License agreement
- Patent sale or other

IPR:

Patents granted EP1812O43, US779O675, AU2OO53O4O16, AT5OO929, CA2587188, NZ555178

CONTACT:

Claudia Ballaun

Medical University of Vienna Spitalgasse 23, 1090 Vienna +43-1-40160 25203 claudia.ernst-ballaun@ meduniwien.ac.at www.meduniwien.ac.at

